SHORT VOWEL SOUNDS

a	 father, hot, rot, dot	datt, fatt, vass, hatt, glatt, vatt, an, am
e	 get, bed, set, met	bett, gevva, geld, vesha, maydel, bukkel
i	 fit, tip, did, miss, wish	Bivvel, pikk, bisht, biss, ich, grohsi
0	 of, oven, love, shove	Gott, hott, shtobb, kobb, lossa, globba
u	 put, soot, stoodl	hund, mukk, sunn, butza, dutt, shund
ae	 rat, bat, sat, cat	daett, maemm, naett, shlaebba

LONG VOWEL SOUNDS

ay	 hay, say, day, lay	gays, flaysh, kays, ayl, dray, sayna
ee	 feet, heel, seed, meet	kee, beebli, fees, veetz, dreeb, shteel

- eiy -- height, sight, right..... feiyah, meiya, sheiyah, heiyahra
- oh -- road, toad, Oh my!.....shohf, broht, roht, bloh, shlohfa, hohf

OTHER VOWEL SOUNDS

au	 laud, laundry, author gaul, drauva, graut, haut, naus, haus
aw	 law, saw, claw, flaw haws, glaws, naws, graws, brawf
ei	 * their, heir, air, hair deitsh, meisli, drei, heit, leit, sei, bei
00	 moon, spoon, soon koo, shtool, goot, boova, hoot, bloot
oi	 join, boy, toy, enjoy Moi, oi, boi, hoi, froiya, groiya,

*exception: ei can sometimes be pronounced like i in time

VOWEL GLIDES

(two English sounds put together)

eah	 • (ă + ah)sheah, beah, deah,	, eah, leah, veah
iah	 $(\bar{e} + ah)$ biah, miah, brovia	h, diah, fiah
oah	 • (ō + ah) boaht, voahm, goa	hra, oah, voah
uah	 (oo + ah $)$ fuah, shuah, uah,	shnuah, naduah

ENDINGS

a	 Florida, China, abovelanna, hoffa, nohma, gukka, havva
ah	 ahh, <u>aw</u> l vassah, bessah, dellah, viddah

CONSONANTS

ch		(h sound in the back of throat)mach, sach, ich, mich, dach, sich
ng		song, ring, bang, sing shpringa, fanga, langa, shlang
tsh		(ch sound) child, chin,Deitsh, hutsh, tshumba, vatsha
Z		pizza, pretzel, rootskatz, zvay, zeit, butza, zung, zebb
r		beginning of word, normal rroht, rawt, rumm, rishta, ratt
r		anywhere else, rolled r goahra, veahra, fiahra, keahra
If Deitsh word begins with r, it can be pronounced like an English r.		
Anywhere else r is rolled like a Spanish r.		
If you can't roll your r's, pronounce like an English d instead.		

2 LETTER WORD EXEPTIONS

vi	 is pronounced \underline{vee} with a long e (\bar{e}) as in keep, sheep, tree
do	 is pronounced $d\underline{oh}$ with a long o (\bar{o}) as in rode, load, hope
no	 is pronounced $n\underline{oh}$ with a long o (\bar{o}) as in rode, load, hope
SO	 is pronounced \underline{soh} with a long o (\bar{o}) as in rode, load, hope
V0	 is pronounced $v\underline{oh}$ with a long o (\bar{o}) as in rode, load, hope
du	 is pronounced doo as in moon, soon, flu, dew, true
zu	 is pronounced zoo as in moon, soon, flu, dew, true

ENGLISH LOAN WORDS

An English loan word is a word that is borrowed from English and used as a Deitsh word.

If the loan word keeps its English pronunciation, it also keeps its English spelling. *example:* Nemm da *nut* ab mitt da *wrench*. Take the nut off with the wrench.

If the loan word's pronunciation changes in Deitsh, the spelling will reflect this. *example:* Eah hott en *robbah shtraebb* grikt. He got a rubber strap.

If the loan word is a verb, usually the root form of the verb remains intact, while the Deitsh prefixes and suffixes are added.

example: trosta to trust

getrost trusted

ACCENTS

The rules given for the accents are general in nature. There are exceptions to all of these rules.

2 SYLLABLE WORDS

In 2 syllable words the primary accent is usually on the first syllable. Compare with the English word **flatter.**

'bay da to pray 'hof fa to hope 'den ka..... to think 'lee va..... to love

<u>3 SYLLABLE WORDS</u>

In 3 syllable words the primary accent is usually on the first syllable and the secondary accent is on the third syllable. Compare with the English word **accident.**

'noch di hand .. afterward 'hin nah sich backwards 'hung ah rich .hungry 'als a mohl sometimes

ACCENTS IN WORDS WITH PREFIXES

Some prefixes cause the accent to fall on a different syllable. Some of the common prefixes are given below.

ab/ ei/ oh/ un

The primary accent falls on the first syllable and the secondary accent falls on the second syllable. Compare with the English word **forcefully.**

'ab to break off	'ab heich ato listen to
'ab to cool off	'ab sheidato cut off
	1. 1.1.6. 4. 6.11 1
'ei gev va to give in	'ei shlof ato fall a sleep
'ei shpad da to confine	'ei sam lato gather in
'oh bayd a to worship	'oh dref fato meet
'oh bin na to tie or tether	'oh duto put on (clothes)
a horse	
'un glaw vich unbelieving	'un reinimpure
•	1
'un shuld ich innocent	'un voah retuntruth